

Digital penning vacuum gauge.

Thisis a cold cathode Ionisation gauge consisting of two electrodes anode and cathode. A potential difference of about 2.2 KV is applied between anode and cathode through current limiting resistors. A magnetic field is introduced at right angles to the plane of the electrodes by a permanent magnet having nearly 800 gauss magnetic field which will increase the ionisation current. The electrons emitted from the cathode (gauge head body) of the gauge head are deflected by means of magnetic field applied at right angles to the plane of the electrodes and are made to take helical path before reaching the anode loop. Thus following very long path, the chance of collision with gas molecule is high even at low pressures.

The secondary electrons produced by ionisation themselves perform similar oscillations and the rate of ionisation increases rapidly. Eventually, the electrons are captured by the anode and equilibrium is reached when the number of electrons produced per second by ionisation is the sum of positive ion current to the cathode and the electron current to the anode and is used to measure the pressure of the gas. This instrument with the sensor having wider range of applications, in high vacuum systems where the final Vacuum to be measured in process chamber.

These instruments can be used in high vacuum systems, coating units, sputtering units, vacuum furnaces and many other applications where high vacuum to be measured in the range of 10⁻² to 10⁻⁶ m.bar.

Technical specifications:

Particulars	Details
Unit of measurement	Mbar
Gauge head model number	
Pressure range	9.9 X10 ⁻³ to 10 ⁻⁶ mbar
Display	3 digit seven segment LED
Number of GHs	One
Input power	220v AC , 50 Hz
Operating temp.	15 to 45 deg C
Analog output	0 to 3.5V DC
Calibration	Factory set
Gauge head mounting	Any position
Gauge head cable	Standard 2 mtrs, extra length on request
Dimentions	98 X98X 250mm
Cutout size	92X92 mm
End connection of GH	KF-25